WELCOME TO FALL SUMMIT

Richard Staynings,

SVP Chief Security & Trust Officer at Clearwater

Tim Stettheimer, Ph.D. FCHIME, CHCIO, FACHE

VP Education, CHIME











Your IT Ethical Manifesto

Your IT Ethical Manifesto: Facilitators



Richard Staynings,
SVP Chief Security & Trust Officer at Clearwater

Tim Stettheimer, Ph.D. FCHIME, CHCIO, FACHE VP Education, CHIME





Your IT Ethical Manifesto: Sponsor





Your IT Ethical Manifesto: Goal

- Apply the principles presented in the keynote,
- Learn about available ethical decision-making tools, and
- Apply these to specific ethics cases in healthcare IT.

MANIFESTO



What is Ethics?

- Ethics is the formal process of intentionally and critically analyzing the basis for one's moral judgments.
- Ethical reasoning is necessary to resolve the potential conflicts between personal and professional values.
- Ethical decision making requires everyone to consider the perspectives of others.



Addressing Ethical Issues

- People want to answer questions of professional ethics through personal morality.
- However, resolving conflict depends on formal ethics.
- There is a distinction between morality and ethics:
 - Morality refers to personal moral choices.
 - Ethics refers to **formal process** of analyzing the basis for your moral judgments and considering other's views.



Ethical Principles Screen (EPS)

Dolgoff, Ethical Decisions for Social Work Practice, 2005

- 1. Protection of life
- 2. Equality and inequality
- 3. Autonomy and freedom
- 4. Least harm
- 5. Quality of life
- 6. Privacy and confidentiality
- 7. Truthfulness and full disclosure



Step 1 Collaboration



The assignment



- You are meeting with other members of the St. Joseph Health System Ethics Committee.
- Your goal is to assess the situation described in this case using the Ethical Decision-Making Tool you have been provided.
- You have 30 minutes to complete your assessment. At that time further instructions will be provided.



Your IT Ethical Manifesto: Instructions

- 1. Study your assigned material carefully to ensure that your team is answering the "right" questions.
- 2. Discuss/debate your analysis and response
- 3. In preparing your response, emphasize *how* leaders should solve the problem, not only the solution itself.
- 4. All members of your group should participate



Ethics Cases

A: Waiting Room Project

B: Outsourcing the IT Team

C: RFID Project

D: Lost Laptop

E: A Portal Problem





Ethics Decision Making Tools

- 1. The PLUS Ethical Decision-Making Model
- 2. The Realm-Individual Process-Situation (RIPS) Model of Ethical Decision- Making
- 3. ACA Ethical Decision Making Model
- 4. Steinman, Richardson and McEnroe Ethical Decision-Making Process





Step 2 Collaboration



Your IT Ethical Manifesto: Collaboration

- Meet with another table group at flip chart area
- Each group will have used a different tool for the same case.
- The two groups will have 10 minutes to agree which tool was best and then record on the flip chart:
 - (1) their decision about how to handle the ethical dilemma,
 - (2) what information was missing that would have been helpful,
 - (3) what was the key factor in their decision
- Each flip chart group will nominate a single person to report out.



Step 3 On-Stage



Your IT Ethical Manifesto: On-Stage

Nominee A will present:

- 1. the case
- 2. what information was missing that would have been helpful,
- 3. what was the key factor in their decision

Nominee B will:

- 1. supplement comments by Nominee A
- 2. present the preferred tool
- 3. announce decision about how to handle the ethical dilemma

Nominee A will then supplement if needed.



Your IT Ethical Manifesto

Final Comments



Ethics Decision Making Tools

- 1. The PLUS Ethical Decision-Making Model
- 2. The Realm-Individual Process-Situation (RIPS) Model of Ethical Decision- Making
- 3. ACA Ethical Decision Making Model
- 4. Steinman, Richardson and McEnroe Ethical Decision-Making Process



